Western Carolinian.

Printed and Published, once a week, By PHILO WHITE.

SALISBURY, N. C.....TUESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1828.

[VOL. VIII.....NO. 397.

TERMS.

The terms of the Western Carolinian are, $3 per annum—or $2 50, *if paid in advance*....but payment in advance will be required from all subscribers at a distance, who are unknown to the Editor, unless some responsible person of his acquaintance guarantees the payment.

No paper discontinued, (except at the option of the Editor) until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one.

All letters addressed to the Editor, must be *post-paid*, or they may not be attended to.

GREAT BATTLE at NAVARINO.

The following additional particulars in relation to the battle of Navarino, in which the Turkish fleet was annihilated, are from English and French papers.

A letter from Zante, says, that during the action, Ibrahim Pacha, "who never had any courage but that of an executioner, was hunting the Christians in the mountains of Messenia, presiding at the punishment of some priests, whom he caused to be *crucified on the palm trees*, in offering holocausts of peasants, and making up bales of girls and children, whom he intended to send into Egypt. I could not paint to you the joy of us Ionians: the bells ring, bonfires blaze, and the church gates are hung with garlands. Greece is saved!" It is intimated that the armistice was violated by Ibrahim at the express command of the Sultan; if so, further hostilities will be likely to result, and the Russian land forces put in motion. An army of 80,000 Russians under the celebrated Wittgenstein, was ready for the field on the Danube, and a still greater force concentrating under Marshal Sachan Lord Cochrane had suspended his war operations at the request of Admiral Codrington, but the Greeks had destroyed, after a gallant action, seven Turkish vesseis in the harbour of Lepanto. The U. S. schr. Porpoise had retaken an English brig from a gang of Greek pirates, 40 of whom were killed by the fire of the boats sent against them, or drowned in trying to escape from the brig to the shore.

The French papers are highly gratified with the share which their ships took in the action: and the destruction of 45 Austrian transports, in the service of Egypt, was a matter of peculiar rejoicing. A letter from a French officer to his wife, states that the destruction of the Egyptian fleet was complete, and the ships continued burning two days after the battle. At the moment he was writing, the allied flags were flying on the ramparts of Navarino, and the garrison marching out. The battle presented a terrible scene. Conceive 150 ships of war firing in a narrow basin in a triple line, the burning of some, and the explosion of others.

Admiral Codrington.—This officer was a captain under Lord Nelson at the battle of Trafalgar. Had he waited another day before he destroyed the Turkish fleet, it would have been the anniversary of that great victory by which the maritime forces of France and Spain were annihilated, 21st of Oct. 1805. Count Heiden, the Russian Admiral in the Levant, is a native of Holland, and is said to be an officer of considerable merit, and of excellent private character.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

The voluminous documents transmitted to Congress with the President's message, have been obligingly furnished us by Messrs. Carson and Long. Our limits will not admit of extracting very copiously from them; we must, for the present week content ourselves with giving the following abstract relative to the Army, Navy, Lead Mines, Pensioners, Armories, National Road and Public Lands:

Army. The army of the United States in October last was composed of 5722 men, including 54 surgeons, 15 paymasters, 33 engineers, and 443 commissioned officers. The number sick was 603, and the number in arrest or confinement 232. The troops are distributed in 39 different posts, on the seaboard, western frontier, &c. Desertions from the army are frequent. The number of recruits enlisted from Jan. 1, to Oct. 1, 1827, was 953.

Navy. The Navy of the United States, built and building, consists of twelve ships of the line, fourteen 44's, three 36's, two covettes, a steam frigate, and about twenty sloops of war and schooners. In addition to these, live oak timber has been purchased for 5 ships of the line, 5 frigates, and 5 sloops of war. The number of vessels in commission is 19. Of these 4 or 5 are in the Mediterranean, about as many in the Pacific, and the others in the West Indies, on the coast of Brazil, &c. The annual expense of the Navy and Navy Yards, not including the sums appropriated for the gradual improvement of the Navy, is about three millions of dollars. The pay and subsistence of officers and pay of seamen amount to 1,360,000 dollars; provisions 505,000; repairs of vessels 475,000.

Lead Mines. The lead made at the public lead mines during the last year amounted to 6,092,560 pounds, one tenth of which belongs to the United States for rent. The product of the mines near Fever River was upwards of five millions and that of the Missouri mines less than one million. It is supposed that the annual product of the mines will soon reach ten millions of pounds.

Pensioners.—The number of pensioners on the rolls in September last was as follows: Revolutionary Pensioners 12,500; Invalid Pensioners 3,805; Half pay Pensioners 19; total 16,324. The Revolutionary pensioners received the last year $793,254; and the invalid and half pay pensioners $174,628. About two thirds of the pensioners belong to New-York and the New England States. Massachusetts has 1557 revolutionary, and 345 invalid pensioners.

Armories, &c.—During the year ending September 30th, 25,700 muskets and their appendages were made at the national armories at Springfield and Harper's Ferry. In the year 1826, the amount of money expended at Springfield was $183,286; and at Harper's Ferry $167,341. The expense of the U. States for cannon, artillery carriages, small arms, ammunition, &c. has averaged about 860,000 dollars per annum, for the last fourteen years. These large sums have been expended for permanent objects, and for articles of a durable character; and the value of this description of military property now in the charge of the Ordnance Department is more than ten millions of dollars. The value of the small arms alone exceeds six millions.

National Road.—Twenty-eight miles of this road, west of the Onio river are completed, on the McAdam principle, having received three coverings of stone, reduced to pieces of not more than four ounces in weight, making a total thickness of nine inches. The cost of these 28 miles of road, including bridges, culverts, &c. has been about 7000 dollars per mile. About 45 miles more of the road, extending to Zanesville in Ohio, are in an active state of progress.

The old National Road, on the east of the Ohio, has nearly gone to destruction for want of care and attention. By long neglect it has become too bad to be mended, and must in a great degree be renewed. The appropriation of 30,000 dollars granted by congress for its repair, has done but little good. This road, extending from Cumberland to the Ohio, has cost the United States about two millions of dollars.

Public Lands.—The United States have paid to France, Spain, Georgia, and the Indians, for public lands, 29,600,000 dollars, and the expenses of surveying and selling have amounted to 3,320,000 dollars. The total amouut paid by purchasers is less than 33 millions. The quantity of land purchased by the U. States is 258,377,667 acres. Of this, about 20 millions of acres have been appropriated for military bounties, support of schools, colleges, &c. The quantity of land within the present limits of the states and territories, not yet ceded by the Indians, is 56 millions of acres; and the quantity of unceded lands lying north and west of the states and territories, within the limits of the United States, is 750,000,000 acres.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

We have published the President's message, *in extenso*; but as many folks dislike to read *long pieces*, we present them with a humorous analysis of that document, taken from the Elkton (Maryland) Press:

The weather has been very hot, my friends, since I had the pleasure of meeting you here a twelve month ago—but by the blessing of Providence you have enjoyed pretty good health, and so have I.

The blessing of peace with our brethren has been uninterrupted—Though the Winnebago Indians did scalp some of our women and children on the frontiers.

Internal quiet has left our fellow citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights—notwithstanding that saucy fellow Governor Troup did make such a splutter.

Every man has a right to pursue the impulse of his nature, &c. I don't like that expression—it means many things.

The *Crops* have been good—and there is a good deal of foreign commerce carried on—but not to the *British West India Islands*.

At this time peace and prosperity prevail over the habitable globe. (Greece and Turkey excepted)—present a foretaste of that blessed period when the lion shall lie down with the lamb, and Jackson and I shall shake hands together.

Objects of deep importance to the welfare of the Union are constantly recurring, and as this is the last opportunity I expect to have, I shall present them to the Legislature for their consideration.

A negotiation, upon subjects of high and delicate interest with Great Britain, has terminated—by Mr. Gallatin's returning home—when he talked about opening the negotiations about the colonial trade, Mr. Canning, in his lifetime, very rudely shut the door in his face, and told him he would talk no more on the subject. They have paid us for our runaway negroes, which was very clever in them. The northeastern boundary line is not yet definitely settled, but I expect shortly to get it done—and if I don't, the Governor of Maine will.

We have offered France to submit the indemnification of our losses by the seizure and confiscation of our property by Bounaparte, to *Arbitration*, but she won't agree to it—I hope, however, I shall be able to catch her in a better humor by and by.

We have concluded a treaty of amity and commerce, with the Hanseatic Republics—whereby they are to furnish the *Cabbage*, if we will send them *Vinegar*, to make *Sour Crout*.

The Emperor Nicholas seems a very clever fellow—he and the other crowned heads of the *Holy Alliance*, are going to give freedom to the Greeks—Don't you think we had better take a hand in it?

The treaties concluded at the Congress of Panama do not appear to have been ratified; but no matter for that, as our Minister could not find the place. I have not yet been notified when they will meet again at Tacubaya, but when I am informed, I will let you know.

The naval officers of Brazil have captured some of our vessels, but I hope and trust they will be honest enough to give them up.

The receipts for the present year amount to twenty one millions four hundred thousand dollars—the expenditures for the same time, will amonnt to twenty two millions three hundred thousand dollars; leaving the account at the end of the year to stand—

Expenses - - - - - -	$22,300 000
Receipts - - - - - -	21,400.000
The nation minus this sum	$900,000

But this is a matter of no consequence—if our current revenue will not enable us to pay off the ten millions of the public debt, our credit's good—we can borrow money to do it with.

The condition of the army and navy will be seen by the reports of the respective Secretaries of those Departments. They are in rather a better condition than when I was at *Ghent*.

The *Civil Engineers*, my surveyors, have made sundry surveys, since I last had the pleasure of seeing you; of which plans and certificates shall be returned to you. They are twelve in number.

Our little school-boys, at West Point, are doing very well; they learn smartly. "Don't you think it would be well enough to have another school, somewhere on the *water*, to teach *swimming* and *diving*?"

I had like to have forgotten the Postmaster General, the only good officer under the government. He says he has one hundred thousand dollars of a surplus, in his hands for us; notwithstanding he drives a *mail* to every man's door.

The amount received for the sale of public lands, is not yet quite equal to what we have paid for them; but this is owing to the purchasers not being able to pay for them; and when that is the case, I think we had better give it up to them, and not make any fuss about it. Those back woods *squatters* are ugly fellows to deal with.

There are various other subjects of deep interest to the Union, which I have heretofore recommended. Amongst which is the debt we owe to the *old soldiers*; a new *Militia Law*, which will prevent Jackson from murdering our fellow citizens. The extension of the judiciary to places where they have none. A law to let insolvent debtors out of jail; on which, if you choose to act, you may calculate upon my hearty co-operation; but if you have not time, it is little matter about them. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

P. S. *Lost or Mislaid*, That paragraph in the President's Message which treats about *domestic manufactures*; perhaps it may be found in the unfrequented pigeon hole, where was found the report of the Court Martial that condemned the six militia men. THE BELL MAN.

Elizabeth Payne, forty years of age, and having five children, died not long ago at Bethnal Green, Eng. from taking tobacco water as a cure for worms. A Quack doctor, named Gabriel Ore, recommended the specific!" Verdict "manslaughter," and the doctor was committed to Newgate.

The French College of Physicians have lately decided that the cause of ladies teeth decaying at so much earlier a stage of life than those of the opposite sex, is the great friction of the tongue upon them.

JACKSON MEETING.

WE are requested to say, that a meeting of the friends of Gen. *Andrew Jackson* will be in *Statesville*, on the third Monday in January inst. it being the 21st day of the month; when and where the friends of the Old Hero, throughout Iredell county, are requested to attend.

January 1st. 1828. t97

BANK STOCK FOR SALE.

I WILL sell, at public sale, on Tuesday of next January Court, at the court-house in Lincolnton, the remaining Shares (17) of Henry Conner, dec'd. in the State Bank of North-Carolina. Also, at the same time and place, all the Shares belonging to said estate in the Catawba Navigation Company. Terms, cash. 96

Dec. 1827. D. M. FORNEY, *Sur'g. Admr.*

PEREMPTORY NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the estate of William C. Love, dec'd. are requested to make immediate payment, as the affairs of the estate are such that indulgence cannot be given. Those wishing to settle, can call upon John H. Hardie, with whom the notes are lodged, and who can be found at the Court-House at all times.

GEORGE LOCKE,
7t01 HENRY GILES,
January 3d, 1828. *Receivers.*

HOUSE AND LOT, NEGROES, &c.

WILL be sold, at public auction, on Wednesday, the 20th of February next, in the town of Statesville, a *House* and *Lot*, together with the necessary out-houses, and in addition therto a safe and commodious blacksmith's shop, situated in a pleasant part of the village, near the best public well.

Also, One *Negro Man*, two *negro women*, and one *child*. Terms 12 months credit, bond and security required. M. L. HILL, *Trustee.*

January 1, 1828. 6t02

SHERIFF'S SALE OF NEGROES.

WILL be sold for cash, at the court-house in Salisbury, on Monday, the 18th of February next, 13 likely *negroes*, 4 men, 3 women and children, and 3 young women; sold by execution, as the property belonging to the estate of Wm. C. Love, dec'd. to satisfy sundry executions in my hands for collection.

Price adv. $1.75 F. SLATER, *D. Shff.*
January 1st. 1828. 6t01

HILLSBOROUGH MALE ACADEMY.

THE examination will commence on Monday the 3d of December, and conclude on the evening of the following day.

The exercises will be resumed on the second Thursday in January.

W. J. BINGHAM, *Principal.*
Nov. 20, 1827. 3t98

CASH

THE MOTHER *and* LIFE *of* TRADE.

THE subscriber having removed his Store to Concord, respectfully invites all those who are indebted to him to come forward and settle by the first day of March next. Those who fail in complying, may rest assured that their notes and accounts will be placed forthwith in the hands of officers for collection.

EDWARD CRESS.
Salisbury, Dec. 5th, 1827. 92

ESTATE OF ALFRED MACAY.

THE subscriber having qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Alfred Macay, late of Salisbury, dec'd. desires all persons indebted to said dec'd. to make payment with as little delay as possible; and all persons having claims against the estate, will present them, legally authenticated, for settlement, within the time limited by act of assembly, otherwise this notice will be pled in bar of their recovery. JAMES MARTIN, Jr. *Exec'r.*
Nov. 23d, 1827. 13t92

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 24th instant, *Thomas Enos*, a mulatto, bound to me to learn the cabinet business, and can work pretty well; he is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 6 inches high, between 19 and 20 years old; had on a black fur hat, pale blue mixed homespun coatee. All persons are forbidden to harbor, employ, or trust him, at the peril of the law; the above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me in Salisbury, or for his confinement in any jail in the state.

LEWIS UTZMAN.
Salisbury, Dec. 29th, 1827. 3t97

GREENSBORO' MALE ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this school will be resumed on Tuesday the 1st of January, 1828. The course of instruction at this Academy is preparatory to admission into the Freshman and Sophomore classes of the University. Besides the ordinary advantages of a preparatory education, the pupil may here avail himself of the opportunity of studying and learning the following branches of classical literature and science, viz: Sallust, Herodotus and Cyropœdia in Greeca Majora, Algebra, Virgil's Georgics, Cicero's Orations, Gray's Memoria Technica, the Odes and Sytyres of Horace, Caldwell's Geometry, Blair's Rhetorick, four books of Homer's Iliad and the elements of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy. Access may be had to a well selected library. Board may be had in respectable families at from $5 to $40 per session. Tuition to vary from $5 50 to $12 50, according to the grade of scholarship. J. D. CLANCY, *Principal.*
Dec. 29, 1827. 3t98

NEW WATCHES AND JEWELRY

HUNTINGTON & WYNNE,

HAVE the pleasure of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have received their fall supply of *Goods*, consisting in part of the following:

Ladies and Gentlemen's Gold Patent Lever Watches,
Silver do.
Good plain English do,
Gold Chains, Seals, Keys,
Sets of Pearl,

And a very extensive assortment of Fine Jewelry, at very low prices for *cash*.

Persons indebted to them, are requested to call and settle their respective accounts, by bond or otherwise 93

Salisbury, Dec. 7th, 1827.

The Horse NORTH-CAROLINA,

WILL stand in Salisbury, the ensuing Spring, the ... to commence about the ... f March. His pedigree, and other ..., will be made known in handbills, in due time. JOSIAH TURNER.
Hillsboro', Jan. 7th, 1828. 4t0

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber is now receiving a large and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Cutlery, and Hardware,

of all descriptions, from New-York and Philadelphia, where they were selected by himself, with care, and bought for cash, and which are offered on the most reasonable terms. As he has two Stores, he will sell for cash at the lowest prices—otherwise, on time. Country Produce bought, at the highest market prices. Arrangements are made to receive Goods monthly, from the above named places; which will keep up a good supply of Fresh Goods. Call at his Stores in Salisbury, and examine for yourselves.

JOHN MURPHY.

N. B. Sugar, Coffee, Salt, Iron, Molasses, Rum, Wines, French Brandy, &c. &c.
Oct. 24, 1827. 13t98

FACTORAGE AND COMMISSON

BUSINESS IN CHARLESTON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he continues the above line of business at his old stand on Edmondston's Wharf, where he is prepared to attend to the sale of produce committed to his care, upon which liberal advances will at all times be made; or to the execution of orders for Goods.

Wm. J. Wilson, Esq. or in his absence, the agent of the *Steam Boats*, Joseph H. Townes, will receive and forward, without delay, all Cottons consigned to me by the way of Cheraw, and will be prepared to make advances on such consignments, if required. 407

HENRY W. CONNER.
Charleston, Nov. 1st. 1827.

COME NOW AND PAY!

THE Subscriber having declined the Tavern Keeper's Business, earnestly requests all persons indebted to him to call and make immediate payment. This measure is absolutely necessary, as he intends devoting himself to another branch of business which demands the use of all his funds; and unless this call is complied with by the middle of January, he can have no other alternative than a collection by suit.

MRS. M'CULLOCH

Will accommodate a few gentlemen with board, by the month or year. She would be happy to accommodate her former travelling customers, and persons who wish to be retired from the noise and bustle of the town, at the first house above Blair, Johnson and Coats store Main Street. M. M. M'CULLOCH.
Camden, Dec. 22, 1827. 198

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES.

WILL be sold, for cash, at the court-house in Salisbury, on Monday the 18th of February, 1828, the following tracts of land, or so much thereof as will satisfy the tax due for the year 1826, to wit:

40 acres adjoining Samuel Marlin and others, given in by Thomas Robinson.
95 acres adjoining Forest Monroe and others, given in by John Robley.
472 acres adjoining Moses A. Locke and others, given in by William Moore.
198 acres adjoining Wilie Coats and others, given in by Nancy Blaids.
249 acres adjoining George Clodfelter and others, given in by James W. Ramsey.
350 acres adjoining Moses Brown and others, given in by Robert Garner, dec'd.
350 acres adjoining Doct. John Scott and others, given in by Joseph McConnaughey.
340 acres adjoining Matthew Locke and others, given in by Joseph McConnaughey for Betsey Locke.
700 acres adjoining William Pinkston and others, given in by John F. Phifer.
1 House and Lot in the town of Salisbury, adjoining James Martin, Jr. and others, given in by Isom Hanes.
1 House and Lot lying on Main street, adjoining Mary Gay and others, given in by Thomas Holmes, for Francis Coupie.
1 House and Lot lying on Main street, adjoining William Pinkston, Jr. and others, given in by Abraham Jacobs.
1 House and Lot lying on Water street, adjoining Isaac Earnhart and others, given in by Ralph Kestler. F. SLATER, *Sheriff.*
Jan. 1st. 1828. [40cts.] 6t01

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 1st of May last, my *Negro Boy GEORGE*, about 26 or 27 years of age, smooth black skin, pleasant countenance, having one of his fingers so injured by a machine as renders it useless, and, as well as recollected, quite doubled up in his hand, and 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high. Said boy belongs to the estate of Jesse Wren, dec'd. now in the care of the subscriber, and lawful agent of said estate. It is supposed he intends making his way to some free state. The above reward will be paid on his delivery to me, in Lancaster District, S. C. or lodged in any jail in North Carolina, Virginia or Maryland, so as I receive him; or $25 if taken in South Carolina.

ROBERT STINSON.
November 4th, 1827. 3mt100

DR. J. W. HILLYARD,

BEGS leave most respectfully to inform the citizens of Davidson county, that he has just received a fine assortment of *Fresh Medicines*; and expects to receive within a few weeks, from Philadelphia and New-York, an assortment more extensive than has ever reached this country; and he pledges his time and talents, *in future*, entirely to his profession. He hopes, from years experience in the profession, to meet with that patronage which a man should, whose whole mind is devoted to it. His charges shall never exceed those made by other medical gentlemen. *August* 27, 1827 78

SCOTT'S NAPOLEON.

ONE copy of this work (new) for sale, at a price less than the original cost. Apply at the office of the Western Carolinian.
Nov. 12, 1827.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

Wednesday, Dec. 26.—On motion of Mr. Pickett,

Resolved, That a joint select committee, consisting of two members from each House, be appointed to confer with the representatives, devisees and widow of the late Treasurer of this State, and to make such arrangements with them as may be thought compatible with the public interest, to secure to the State the payment of the debt due from said decedent, or such portion thereof as may be practicable, subject to the ratification of the Legislature.

Messrs. Pickett and Owen were appointed the committee on the part of the Senate.

The engrossed bill to establish a Medical Board, and to regulate the practice of physic and surgery in this State, was indefinitely postponed on its second reading.

The bill concerning the election of county surveyors, was amended on motion of Messrs. Love of Haywood and Jones, read the third time, passed and ordered to be engrossed.

Thursday, Dec. 27.—Mr. Shober, from the committee of Propositions and Grievances, reported a bill to authorise John Waddell, of Randolph, to erect two gates.

Mr. Shober also reported a bill to restore to credit William Ferrell, of Montgomery county, which was rejected.

Mr. Davidson presented a resolution in favor of the administrator of Thomas Elliott, of Mecklenburg; which was read the first, second and third times, passed, and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Shober presented a resolution relative to procuring iron backs for the fire places in the Senate Chamber and Commons Hall. Read the first time and passed.

Friday, Dec. 28.—Mr. Deberry presented the petition of Parham Kirk, late Sheriff of Montgomery, praying to be released from a certain fine, and to be allowed his commissions, insolvents, &c.

Mr. Burgin presented a bill to vest the election of Sheriff in the freemen of the county of Burke; which passed its first reading. Rejected on its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Vanhook, the committee of Finance were instructed to inquire into the expediency of issuing 100,000 dollars in Treasury Notes.

Saturday, Dec. 29.

Mr. M'Eachin presented a bill providing for the appointment of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, by Districts; which being read, Mr. Williams, of Martin, moved for its indefinite postponement. Mr. Baily moved to lay it on the table; which motion was not agreed to. The question was then taken on the indefinite postponement of the bill, and decided in the affirmative—yeas 45, nays 16.

Yeas.—Messrs. Askew of Bertie, Askew of Hertford, Alexander, Burgin, Bailey, Beasley, Brodnax, Burney, Drake, Dobson, Davenport, Devane, Hurst, Harrell, Hollimon, Hinton, Hawkins, Love of Haywood, M'Dowell, Matthews, M'Daniel, Montgomery, Nuttall, Owen, Pickett, Ramsay, Riddick, Royal, Spaight of Craven, Salyear, Smith, Saunderson, Scott, Shober, Sherard, Thomson, Vanhook, Wilson of Camden, Walton, Wilson of Edgecomb, Whitfield, Williams of Martin and Ward.

Nays.—Messrs Bethune, Deberry, Davidson, Fuller, Franklin, Gray, Joiner, Jones, Locke, Love of Richmond, M'Millan, M'Neill, M'Eachin, Parker, Reinhardt and Williams of Beaufort.

Mr Owen reported that it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject of insolvent and blank licenses. Concurred in.

Mr Reinhardt presented the petition of John Davis, of Lincoln, praying to be placed on the pension list: and Mr. Shuford, the petition of Thomas Martin, of Rutherford, praying to be restored to credit; which was referred.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Wednesday, Dec. 26.—Mr. Jones, of Warren, from the committee on the judiciary, made a report, recommending the rejection of the resolution instructing said committee to inquire into the manner in which the several Governors of this State have heretofore exercised the power of pardoning and reprieving; which report was concurred in.

Mr. Morehead, from the Judiciary committee made a report, recommending the rejection of the resolution requiring clerks to advertise the rate of the county tax. Concurred in.

The resolution from the Senate, to raise a select joint committee to confer with the representatives, devisees and widow of the late Treasurer, was adopted, and Messrs. Alexander and Gaston were appointed the committee on the part of this House.

Mr. Morehead, from the committee on the Judiciary, reported against the expediency of so amending the law, as to prevent debtors from conveying their property by mortgage or deed of trust to one or more creditors in preference to the others; also of settling by law the priority of lien between executions issued by justices of the peace, so as to fix the lien in favor of the younger executions which have been levied; and also, of passing a law to prevent the educating of slaves. Concurred in.

The engrossed bill to provide for the final settlement of executors and administrators, was rejected on its first reading.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate having receded from their disagreement to the amendment made by this House in the engrossed bill to allow the right of challenge to the State in certain cases, the said bill was ordered to be enrolled.

Several engrossed bills and resolutions passed their first reading.

The bill to appoint a committee of Finance for the county of Surry; the bill to amend the sale law in Rutherford, were read the second and third times and passed.

Thursday, Dec. 27.—Mr. Conrad presented the petition of sundry citizens of Lincoln, praying that William Cline be released from the forfeiture of a recognizance. Referred.

Mr. Ellis presented a bill to compel the clerks of the several courts and registers to keep their offices at the court house of their respective counties; which was read the first time, passed, and referred.

Mr. Brittain presented a bill to establish a new county by the name of Macon; which was read, when Mr. Bynum moved for its indefinite postponement. This motion was decided in the negative, 64 to 61. The bill was then ordered to lie on the table until Saturday next.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Gary, from the committee of Propositions and Grievances, made a report, requesting to be discharged from the further consideration of the petition of Leonard Hicks, of Burke. Concurred in.

The bill to incorporate the town of Lexington; the bill to alter the dividing lines between the 1st and 2d regiments of Guilford; the bill to incorporate Franklin Lodge, No. 94; passed their second and third readings, and were ordered to be engrossed.

Friday, Dec. 28.—On motion of Mr. Gary,

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed to inquire into the expediency of adopting some provisions for the establishment of a uniform standard of measures throughout the State.

Messrs. Gary, Jones of Warren, and Gaston, form the committee.

The engrossed bill to authorise and direct the Sheriff of Rowan to collect the taxes imposed by the commissioners of Salisbury, was read the third time, passed, and ordered to be enrolled.

The engrossed resolution in favor of James Patton, of Buncombe, was amended on motion of Mr. Nuttall, read the second and third times, and passed—32 to 26.

Saturday, Dec. 29.—Mr. Jones, from the committee on the Militia, to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of amending the militia laws in relation to the time that a captain shall keep his men under arms, &c. reported that no amendment is necessary. Concurred in.

Mr. Stedman, of Chatham, from the select committee to whom the subject was referred, reported a bill to prevent the importation of slaves into this State; which passed its first reading.

Mr. Allen, of Buncombe, in pursuance of a petition, presented a bill to establish the District of Forsythe, for the purpose of holding Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions within the same; which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Fisher presented a bill prescribing the manner in which field and general officers shall be recommended to the Legislature.

Mr. Fisher presented a statement, shewing the expenditures of the State on internal improvements up to the present time; which was read and ordered to be printed.

The bill to appropriate 6,232 dollars for the purpose of improving the Cape Fear river below Wilmington, was read the third time, passed, and ordered to be engrossed.

Saturday, Dec. 29.—Mr. Hill, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported a bill to establish a turnpike road in Burke county; which passed its first reading.

Mr. Fisher presented a bill to incorporate the North Carolina Institution for the instruction of deaf and dumb; which passed its first reading.

Mr. Mitchell presented the petition of John Rose of Ashe, praying to be restored to the privileges of a citizen. Referred.

Mr. Burns, from the committee appointed to conduct the balloting for Brigadier General of the 7th brigade, reported that Wm H. Kerr is duly elected.

Mr. Gaston, from the joint select committee, who were instructed to confer with the representatives, devisees and widow of the late Treasurer, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That this House doth approve and sanction the recommendations contained in the foregoing report; and on its part doth direct the arrangements therein proposed to be carried into execution.

The engrossed bill to incorporate the North Carolina Gold Mining Company, was read the first time, amending, and passed.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions passed their first reading. The bill providing for the payment of jurors in Ashe county; the bill to amend the act of 1823, respecting the reservations of certain Indians in the lands lately acquired from the Cherokee Indians; the bill supplementary to the acts relative to the power of courts of equity in cases of partition; the bill concerning the appointment of clerks of the Superior Courts and masters in equity.

The resolution from the Senate, instructing the committee of Finance to take charge of all the money in the Treasury office, and burn so much of the Treasury Notes as they may deem unfit for circulation, was concurred in.

Mr Eccles presented the memorial of the Cape Fear Bank, praying that the tax paid by said bank be repealed or modified. Ordered to be referred to a joint select committee.

The following bills passed their third reading, and were ordered to be engrossed: the bill to incorporate the Zion Relief Society of North Carolina; and the bill to authorise the County Court of Rowan to appoint a committee of finance.

The bill to authorise the wardens of the poor of Mecklenburg to purchase a tract of land and erect buildings for the accommodation of the poor; were read the second and third times, passed, and ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Little presented a bill to provide for the appointment of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States by districts; which was read and rejected—34 voting for, and 91 against its passage.

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Allen of Montgomery, Barnhardt, Barnett, Benners, Blackledge, Blackwood, Borden, Brevard, Clement, Conrad, Dickinson, Falls, E. Foy, Glisson, Gaston, Hampton, Hastings, Hill, Hodges, Little, Lilly, Marshall, M'Dearmid, M'Lean, Pool, Purcell, Simpson, Smith, Summers, Troy, H. Walker, Washington and A. Williams.

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Allen of Buncombe, Baker, Ball, Barnard, Battle, Bateman, Blount, Boon, Boykin, W. A. Bozman, Brittain, Burke, Burns, Busbee, Bynum, Byrum, J. Bozman, Cherry, Clayton, Cooper, Cox, Davenport, Donoho, Douglass, Dozier, Eccles, Ellis, Fisher, F. Foy, Gary, Gillespie, Gilmore, Glasgow, Gold, Gordon, Green, Harper, Hardy, Hough, Jackson, Jasper, W. W. Jones, R. H. Jones, H. C. Jones, Kerr, Kilpatrick, King, Lawson, Leonard, Lewis, Love, Mann, Mitchell, Montgomery, Morehead, M'Millan, M'Nair, Newland, Neill, Plummer, Riddick, Roberts, Ruffin, Salmons, Scott, Seawell, Sharpe, Shine, Simmons, Speller, Spruill, W. W. Stedman, N. A. Stedman, Stephens, Stewart, Styron, Thomas, Tillet, Underwood, Ward, R. Walker, Webb, Wheeler, White, Whitfield, Whitaker, Wilder, E. Williams and Wilkinson.

The bill to establish the county of Macon, passed its first reading—69 to 50.

EVENING SESSION.

On motion of Mr Alexander,

Resolved, That a joint select committee be appointed to inquire what measures this Legislature can adopt, if any, to protect the local Banks of this State, and consequently the interest of the State and its citizens, against the destructive operations of the Bank of the United States at Fayetteville.

Messrs. Alexander, Fisher and Bynum were appointed the said committee on the part of this House.

The Military Academy at West Point, from the report of the late Visiters, is progressing with its accustomed success, and loses nothing in a comparison, according to the testimony of those whose opportunities enable them to decide, with any establisment of the kind in the world.

Cutlery.—On one side of the blade of the penknives used by members of congress is stamped "Rogers, makers to his Majesty;" and on the other, "manufactured by Rogers for the use of Congress."

England.—Egbert united the kingdoms of the Saxon Heptarchy in 827, so that it is just 1000 years since England became a kingdom.

Silk.—According to a late statement of Mr. Huskisson, the silk manufacture of England now reaches the enormous amount of fourteen millions sterling per annum, and is consequently, after cotton, the greatest staple of the country.

It is computed that the capital actually invested in the cultivation of the British soil by the land owners and farmers, amounts to the enormous sum of *two thousand millions sterling*.

Navarino, which has now become celebrated in the annals of naval warfare, is a strong and populous town of the Morea, (the ancient Peloponessus,) and is seated on a hill, near the sea, 8 miles N. E. of Modon, E. long. 21, 40; N. lat. 37, 2.

Yale College.—This institution numbers over 500 students. This is more, if we are not mistaken, than are, or ever have been, connected with any other college in the United States at one time. Theological Students, 50; Law, 20; Medical, 91; Resident Graduates, 5; Undergraduates, 335; total 501. Of the Undergraduates, 85 are Seniors, 89 Juniors, 83 Sophomores, 71 Freshmen.

From the Raleigh Register.

We observe by the Virginia Advocate, published at Charlottesville, Virginia, that the prospectus for the publication of MSS of the late Thomas Jefferson, will be offered for subscription next month, and that it is contemplated to deliver the work to subscribers early next summer.

CAPTIONS

Of the Public Acts, passed by the Legislature of North-Carolina, at the session of 1827—28; 45 acts of a public nature were passed, *all* of which will be found below;

1 An act concerning the State Bank of North Carolina. [Authorises and directs the Speaker of the Senate to exercise all the duties and powers in the meetings of the Stockholders, and in the Board of Directors of the State Bank, heretofore exercised by the Public Treasurer.]

2 To alter the act of 1804, fixing the time for paying purchase money into the Treasury on entries of land. [Extends the time for paying such money until the 1st January, 1828.]

3 Prescribing upon what evidence the Public Treasurer shall receive the purchase money for vacant and unappropriated land. [The want of the entry taker's certificates supplied by the warrant & plat of survey being filed with the Secretary of State. He is to grant a certificate, on which the Treasurer is to receive the purchase money.]

4 Extending the time for registering grants and mesne conveyances, powers of attorney, bills of sale, and deeds of gift. [Allows two years further time.]

5 Increasing the penalty of the official bonds of the clerks of the several courts of record in this State and providing for the deposite and safe keeping of said bonds. [The bond to be in the sum of ten thousand dollars. Bonds of the clerks of the Superior Courts to be deposited in the offices of the Clerks of the County Courts, and *vice versa* as to the Clerks of the County Court and clerks and masters in equity. Said bonds to be register's office, a certified copy thereof to be received in evidence; Judges of the Superior Courts and Justices of the County Courts to cause the bonds of the clerks of their respective courts to be acknowledged before them, and to give a certificate of such acknowledgement. Any clerk who shall enter upon the duties of his office before giving bond, shall be subject to a penalty of one thousand dollars.]

6 Allowing the right of challenge to the State in certain cases. [Authorises the prosecuting officer in behalf of the State to challenge peremptorily four in all criminal cases of a capital nature.]

7 Concerning the Public Treasury [Enforcing in a more rigid manner the accountability of the Treasurer, and incorporating the several acts of Assembly relative to the Treasury.]

8 Subjecting bail to costs. [Whenever a scire facias shall issue against bail, and said bail shall not, at the term of the Court to which he is bound to appear, be discharged from his liability by the death or surrender of his principal, the bail shall be liable for all costs.]

9 Supplementary to the several acts now in force for the relief of insolvent debtors. [Provides that whenever any debtor shall file a schedule of his effects, all debts due to such debtor shall vest in the sheriff, who is authorised to sue for and collect the same; and the monies so collected to be distributed among the creditors.]

10 To amend the act of 1771, establishing courts of law, and regulating the proceedings therein. [Any person surrendered to the sheriff after the return court, or committed to the custody of the sheriff upon a surrender in court, shall have liberty, before final judgment, to give other bail.]

11 Making it the duty of sheriffs, coroners and constables to serve all notices required to be given in proceedings at law or in equity.

12 Reducing the number of petty musters to two in a year. [Captains to muster their companies once in six months.]

13 Appropriating 6,232 dollars for the purpose of improving the navigation of Cape Fear river below Wilmington.

14 Prescribing the duty of committee of Finance. [Requires them, immediately on entering on their duty of the Finances, to count all the money in the Treasury, and report the amount to the Legislature.]

15 To change the time of holding the Supreme Court of this State. (Fixes the time of holding said Court on the first Monday in June and December.)

16 Amending the different acts concerning dower. (The jury not restricted to assign dower in every separate tract; but may assign in one or more, having regard to the interest of the heirs as well as the widow.)

17 For the relief of persons, who have made entries of land with entry takers, or who have had lands surveyed by surveyors, who have not renewed their bonds agreeably to law. (Entries and surveys made in the offices of entry takers and by surveyors, who have not renewed their bonds agreeably to law, rendered valid.)

18 Supplemental to act of the present session, entitled "an act to alter an act, entitled an act to amend the 4th section of the act passed in 1804." (The provisions of said act to continue in force to the end of this Session.)

19 Amending the act of 1824, giving the assent of North Carolina to, and enforcing in this State, certain acts of the Legislature of Tennessee, relating to the Smoky Mountain turnpike road. (Authorises the stockholders of said road to discharge ther subscriptions by labor instead of money; and the appropriation of the State not be paid until the road is completed.)

20 To continue in force the act of last session, entitled "an act to revive and continue in force an act, passed in the year 1825, to alter and amend an act for the relief of such persons as became purchasers of the Cherokee lands, sold under the authority of this State." [Continues in force said act until the meeting of the next General Assembly.]

21 Amending the 2d section of the act of 1801, so far as regards salvage. [Provides for the appointment of two commissioners, one to be selected by each party; and in case they disagree, they are to select an umpire. If any party should be dissatisfied with the decision, an appeal may be made to the Superior Court.]

22 Amending the act of 1820, entitled "an act to amend an act, entitled "an act laying duties on sales at auction of merchandize."

23 Ceding to the United States a point of marsh on the south side of Neuse river, for the purpose of erecting thereon a light house.

24 Continuing in force the act of 1823, directing a geological and mineralogical survey to be made of the State. [Continues in force the said act for one year.]

25 Amending the act of 1823, respecting the reservations of certain Indians in the lands lately acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Indians. [Whenever the Governor has reason to believe that the title set up by any Indian, or person claiming under any Indian, to a reservation under the treaties of 1817 and 1819, is not good, it shall be his duty to employ counsel to defend the title conveyed by the State.]

26 Relative to the sale of the estates of infants. (On application of the guardian of an infant, setting forth that the estate of the infant would be materially benefitted by a sale, the court of equity to whom the application is made may decree a sale, provided the facts set forth in the petition be found to be true.)

27 Providing more effectually for the representation of the Stock of the State held in the State Bank. (Authorises the Governor, Secretary and Comptroller to appoint a person to represent the state at the annual meetings of the stockholders of said Bank.)

28 To erect an arsenal on the south west of the Capitol square.

29 Supplementary to the acts relative to the power of Courts of Equity in cases of partition. (Whenever a court of equity shall order the sale of real estate belonging to joint tenants in copercenary, the court at their discretion may direct such sales to be made on the premises, or at any place within the county.)

30 For the relief of clerks of courts and clerks and masters of equity. (Exempts clerks of the County, Superior and Supreme Courts and clerks and masters in equity from the penalties prescibed by the act of 1823, entitled "an act to amend and extend the provisions of an act to promote agriculture and family domestic manufactures within this State," who shall account for, and pay into the treasury by the 1st March next, all the monies they were bound, by the before recited act, to have paid by the 1st December last.)

31 Extending the provisions of the act of 1822, granting further time to perfect titles of lands within this State. (Extends the provisions of said act to the 1st January, 1829.)

32 Limiting the appointment of Solicitor General and Solicitors to four years.

33 Making provision for widows when they dissent from the wills of their husbands. (Allows the widow of a testator, out of her husband's estate, one year's provision, in the same manner as if her husband had died intestate.)

34 Prescribing the manner in which staves, heading and shingles shall hereafter be inspected. (Ten hundred staves, heading or shingles to be considered a thousand, and not twelve hundred as heretofore.)

35 Concerning the tax to be paid by persons peddling on certain streams. (Persons peddling on the south side of Albemarle Sound, and the waters emptying therein, (Roanoke and Cashie excepted,) to pay a tax of five dollars in each county in which they shall peddle.)

36 Amending the act of 1715, appointing public registers and directing the method to be observed in conveying lands, goods and chattels, and for preventing fraudulent deeds and mortgages.

37 Concerning the appointment of a keeper of the State House, and for the preservation of the statue of Washington.

38 To amend the act of 1826, prescribing the mode of surveying and selling the lands lately acquired from the Cherokee Indians. (Directs the Treasurer to pay to the surveyors, or chain bearers, &c. employd in surveying said lands, the sums due them, as certified by the commissioners appointed under the act of 1826.)

39 In addition to the acts relative to weights and measures. (Makes it the duty of the justices of the county courts, which have not provided sealed weights, measures, stamps and brands directed to be provided by the acts of 1741, to provide the same at the charge of their respective counties.)

40 Concerning the entry of lands now covered by the waters of any of the lakes of this State. (Prohibits entry takers from receiving entries of such lands.)

41 Compelling the county trustees of each county to report the expenditures of the county in the prosecution and punishment of insolvent offenders.

43 To regulate the payment of the salary of the Public Printer, Treasurer and Clerk of the Treasury Department, and to prescribe the manner in which printing shall hereafter be done for the departments of State, and for the preservation of the public buildings.

43 Supplemental to the act of this session, entitled "an act to alter an act entitled 'an act to amend the 4th section of an act passed in 1804."

44 Respecting certain reservations claimed by Indians in the lands lately acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Nation [Provides for the appointment of a commissioner by the Governor to inquire into the titles of certain tracts of land claimed by individuals of the Cherokee Nation, and contract for the purchase of such tracts as said Indians shall have a good title for.]

45 Directing what construction shall be given to contingent executory limitations.

☞ For want of room we are obliged to defer till our next, a list of the Private Acts and Resolutions: there were 114 of the former, and 29 of the latter, passed.

Salisbury:

JANUARY 15th, 1828.

Supreme Court.—The Supreme Court of this state met in Raleigh on Monday the 31st ult. *John L. Henderson*, Esq. of this town, has been appointed Clerk, in place of Col. Wm. Robards, elected Treasurer of the State. We understand there were three candidates, and that a choice was not effected until the third or fourth day after the court met.

EIGHTH OF JANUARY.

This proud day for our country, was celebrated in Salisbury, on Tuesday last, in a manner creditable to the public spirit and patriotism of our citizens.

In accordance with previous arrangements, Capt. Lemly's company of Light Infantry Blues paraded in the morning; and after performing various military evolutions, with much precision, and in martial style, they marched up Main street to the Court-House, where a line was formed on the left of the military, (under the directions of Col. Thos. G. Polk, marshal of the day, and Col. Henry Giles, assistant marshal,) composed of the Clergy of the town, Orator of the day, committee of arrangements, citizens and strangers; who moved in procession to the Lutheran Church, where had previously assembled a respectable company of that American "*Beauty*" whose sisters were so gallantly saved by their heroic countrymen at Orleans, on the ever-memorable 8th of January, 1815, of which this is the 13th anniversary, from the brutality of a licentious foreign soldiery.

The exercises in the church were commenced with a very impressive, chaste and appropriate Prayer, by the Rev. Thomas Wright. Immediately after, Gen. Romulus M. Saunders delivered a truly eloquent and patriotic address, which called forth the applause of the auditory.

In the evening, a Ball was given at the Fulton House, which was attended by a large and fashionable assemblage of ladies and gentlemen, citizens and visiters; who retired at a seasonable hour, gratified with having contributed their mite towards perpetuating the remembrance of so glorious an era in the annals of our country.

It was pleasing to witness so great a degree of unanimity among our citizens, on the occasion. Efforts had been used to divest the proceedings of every thing like a *party* complexion, and to honor the day on patriotic *national* considerations. With how much success these efforts were attended, the following note speaks more convincingly, because from a more disinterested source, than any thing we could say on the subject:

Salisbury, Jan. 9th, 1828.

Mr. White: I was highly pleased at the decorous manner in which the *8th of January* was celebrated in your village. It was truly characteristic of the hospitality of a generous and high-minded people. It was literally a day of rejoicing for the *event*, and not an ostentatious show for party purposes: So should it ever be. I had been led to believe that the object of the celebration was, to assist in the approaching Presidential election; that it was not so much the *day*, as the *man*, that was to be celebrated; and although I can never see the return of that day without emotion, I felt that emotion damped by the fear that the good people of Salisbury looked more at the *agent* in the hand of Providence in achieving the victory, than at the consequences of the victory itself. I was deceived. The prayer by the Rev. Mr. Wright, and the Address by Gen. Saunders, (both truly patriotic and chaste performances) the good fellowship and cordiality of all parties on the occasion, all tend to do honor to the hospitable and liberal principles which, I hope, may ever direct the citizens of a Free Republic.

A Visiter, and an Adams Man.

The *Legislature* of this state adjourned on Monday morning, the 7th inst. after a session of 29 days. A list of all the public acts will be found in preceding columns of to-day's paper; the private acts, and the resolutions, shall be given in our next.

On Thursday previous to the adjournment, Mr. Stewart presented a bill in the House of Commons, to alter the time of meeting of the General Assembly, to the 1st Monday in November, which was rejected on its first reading; and Mr. Borden, presented a bill to reduce the *per diem* allowance of Members to *two* dollars, which met with the same fate, by a vote of 94 to 7.

Thomas Marshall was elected Brigadier General of the 2nd Brigade, on the second balloting.

On Thursday, in the Senate, the bill for the erection of a new county in the west, to be called *Macon*, was indefinitely postponed. The vote was 30 to 29.

On Friday, in the House, a balloting was had for Cavalry Officers, attached to the 15th brigade, which resulted in the appointment of Benjamin S. Brittain, as Colonel, Wm. M'Gimpsey, as Lieut. Colonel, and Benjamin Richards, as Major.

The Resolution requiring the Governor to make known to the Secretary of War, the wish of the Legislature, that he would send the Corps of U. S. Engineers to survey the route for a *Rail Road* from Newbern through Raleigh, to the western part of the state, was taken up and rejected, 64 to 45.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

At a company Muster in Ashe co. N. C. on the 5th inst. a meeting of the friends of Gen. *Jackson* was held, which was attended by 80 or 100 persons. The meeting was organized by calling Mathias Poe, Esq. to the chair, and appointing Neal M. Colvard and David E. Moore, secretaries. The object of the meeting being explained at some length by Col. Geo. Bower, resolutions expressing their decided disapprobation to the present administration, and their preference for Andrew Jackson, and pledging themselves to use all honourable means to secure his election to the Presidency of the United States, were adopted with but *one* dissenting voice. A committee consisting of Col. Geo. Bower, Capt. Payton Colvard, and Capt. David E. Moore, was appointed, to correspond with other committees of the district, and make all other necessary arrangements for the meeting of delegates at Wilkesboro,' to select some person to be voted for as a Jackson Elector for the district composed of the counties of Surry, Wilkes, Iredell, and Ashe.

MATHIAS POE, *Pres't.*

N. M. Colvard, } *Secretaries.*
D. E. Moore, }

Raleigh Jackson Meeting.—Our limits will not admit of our giving, in detail, at this time, the proceedings of the Jackson meeting held in Raleigh on the 28th ult. As we stated in our last, the Hon. Chief Justice Taylor presided; John K. Campbell and Benj. A. Barham, secretaries. An able and eloquent preamble and resolutions, expressive of a decided preference of Gen. *Jackson* as President, and *John C. Calhoun* as Vice President, were adopted. Col. William Polk, Col. James F. Taylor, Col. John Bell, Col. William Robards, Hon. John L. Taylor, Hon. George E. Badger, Charles L. Hinton, Benj. A. Barham, Benj B. Smith, W. H. Haywood, jr. Charles Manley, Theo. Hunter, Geo. W. Haywood, Alex. J. Lawrence, compose the "Central Jackson Committee of Vigilance and Correspondence," to whom the committees of the several Districts, when they have agreed upon their electoral candidate, are requested to communicate such selection.

Mr. Calhoun, as far as our information extends, is most decidedly the choice of the friends of Jackson: their interests are inseparably blended. Our rallying word should be, *Jackson* and *Calhoun*.

Jackson Electors.—Among the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the friends of Gen. Jackson, at Raleigh, was one, recommending to his friends in the counties comprising each electoral district to convene and appoint committees, to meet in the central county of such district, and select a suitable Jackson candidate for elector for the district: and that immediate notice of such selection and nomination be given to the "Central Jackson Committee of Vigilance and Correspondence" at Raleigh, in order that the Ticket, when completed, may be formally announced to the friends of General Jackson throughout the state.

This is the course contemplated to be pursued by the friends of Jackson in this Electoral district, composed of the counties of Rowan, Davidson, and Montgomery. In due time, we understand, committees will be appointed by the people of each of these counties, to meet at Lexington, Davidson county, and nominate a Jackson candidate for Elector for this district.

Remarkable.—A white *shad* was caught on Christmas morning, in Pee Dee river, about 5 miles from Richmond county court house.

Equally Remarkable!—There are at this time (14th January, 1828) *Peas in bloom* in the town of Salisbury!

Joseph Pickett, James F. Taylor, and William Robards, are appointed Commissioners on the part of the state of North Carolina, to take possession of and sell the property of the late *John Haywood*, to indemnify the state against the loss it has sustained by reason of the defalcation in the funds of the treasury during the time Mr. Haywood presided over that department. These gentlemen have advertised for sale 110 valuable slaves, and several valuable tracts of land in the neighborhood of Raleigh: sale to take place in Raleigh, on the 20th of February next.

Kentucky.—A convention of friends of the administration, was held at Frankfort, Kentucky, on the 17th ult. Gen. Thos. Metcalf, now in Congress, was nominated for Governor; and Mr. L. J. Underwood for Lieut. Gov. Electoral tickets in favor of Mr. Adams, were also agreed upon. But can they be elected? *We* think not.

University.—On the 1st inst, William J. Alexander, of Mecklenburg county; William Robards, of Raleigh; Nicholas J. Drake, of Nash county; and Emanuel Shober, of Stokes county—were elected Trustees of the University of this state, to supply vacancies which occurred during the past year.

NATIONAL ROAD to NEW-ORLEANS.

The committee on roads and canals in the house of representatives of the United States, made a report, on the 2d inst. on the subject of the National Road from Washington City to New-Orleans, accompanied by a bill on the subject. They recommend the *Western Route*, through Tennessee, &c. The following are their *reasons* for giving this preference:

"The committee have, after much reflection, decided in favor of the western route for the contemplated road, without intending, however, to exclude from the discretion of the Executive such future alterations of that route as the further report of the United States Engineers, daily expected, or future inquiry, may recommend.

"In preferring the western to the middle or eastern route, the committee have been governed by a reference to the abundance and quality of the material which may hereafter be required for its more solid structure, and to the various uses of which it will be susceptible, as well in peace as in war, it affording, where most needed, a ready channel of social, commercial and political intercourse; and the means of speedily concentrating and directing the public force to the defence of the nation."

New Post Offices.—The following New Post Offices were established in this state, from the 1st to the 31st December, to wit:

Linville River, Burke county.
Bear Creek, do.
Bakersville, do.
Toe River, do.
North Cove, do.
Mill Grove, Cabarrus county.
Greenleesville, Buncombe county.
Ivy, do.
Little Yadkin, Stokes county.
Blakely, do.
Waughtown, do.
Ramsboro' Guilford county.
Roadville, Surry county.
Lilesville, Anson county.
Culpeper's Store, Montgomery county, has been discontinued.

A Mr. Wm. Rankin hung himself *to death* on the 3d inst. in Guilford county. He had, at times, been troubled with insanity.

Town Taxes.—Among the private acts passed by the legislature at its recent session, was one which makes it the duty of the sheriff of Rowan county to collect the taxes which may be assessed upon the citizens of the town of Salisbury by the Commissioners thereof, which have heretofore been collected by the Town Constable, the appointment of which officer will probably hereafter be dispensed with. Experience had proven, that some further provision in regard to the collection of the Taxes of the town, was called for; and we hope the present law may afford an effectual remedy for the evils complained of.

Medical Board.—The bill which passed the House of Commons, to establish a Medical Board, and to regulate the practice of physic and surgery in this state, noticed in our last, was indefinitely postponed in the senate on the 26th ult.

Mr. Clay.—We have been obligingly favored, by a friend in Washington, with a pamphlet containing an address from the Hon. Henry Clay, Secretary of State of the United States, accompanied by numerous testimonials, in the shape of letters from various public characters, and among them one from Gen Lafayette;—all going to vindicate Mr. Clay against the charge of entering into a corrupt coalition with Mr. Adams, by means of which the latter was placed in the Presidential chair, and the former rewarded with the post of prime minister. To satisfy the curiosity of our readers, we will publish extracts from Mr. Clay's address, as we can find room; and also make some extracts from his testimony. All this evidence, however, is of a negative character—the witnesses are Mr. Clay's personal friends, and testify *to the best of their knowledge!* Our opinion of the matter is the same it ever was, to wit:—that Mr. Clay voted for the man he "felt assured" would make him the best return for so doing. This elaborate attempt at smoothing over the business, is labor lost; Gen. Jackson will be made President by the *People*, maugre it and all other efforts of a like nature.

Presidential Electors.—On reference to the proceedings of the legislature of the 29th ult. it will be seen that bills were presented in both houses on that day, with the view of changing the mode of electing Electors of President and Vice President, from the general ticket to the district system; and that they were rejected in each house, by large majorities. The rejection of these bills is said to have afforded a test of the strength of parties in the legislature; the friends of the administration generally voting for, and those of Gen. Jackson against the bills.

Cape Fear Notes.—We have seen by the Virginia papers that the call which the President of the Cape Fear Bank has made for a general meeting of its Stock holders, in order to consider "the propriety of surrendering their charter," has had the effect of depreciating the value of Cape Fear Notes in that State. We do not believe there is any just ground for this depreciation. Indeed it is not thought the charter will be surrendered. The state which is considerably interested, is opposed to the surrender. Should the business be continued, it is possible that the heavy tax of which the Directors complain may be repealed by the Legislature. *Ral. Register.*

Election of Mayor in Liverpool.—The election of Mayor which took place in Liverpool last October, was more closely contested than any, as we believe, on record. It lasted six days; and at the close of the polls in each of the five first days there was a tie between the candidates, Messrs. Robinson and Porter. The latter candidate succeeded on the sixth day, by a majority of 15. The votes then stood, for Porter 1780 for Robinson 1765. The Liverpool Albion speaks of many disgraceful scenes as occurring during the contest. "Bribery was openly reduced to a system. One party gave three pounds for each tally, and as much beer as the men could drink, while the other gave five pounds only, allowing the men to get drunk at their own expense."

The Markets.

Fayetteville, Jan. 3.—Apple brandy, 33 to 37; Peach do. 40 to 45; Bacon, 7 a 8; Bagging, 20 to 24; Coffee 16 a 18; Cotton, new 7 to 8 50; Corn, 40 a 45; flour, $4 to 4 75; Iron, 5½ to 6¾; Molasses 35 to 40; Sugar 9½ to 10½; Salt, 80 to 85; Whiskey, 30 a 33; Wheat 75 to 80, per bushel.

Charleston, Jan. 5.—Cotton, upland, 9½ to 10; whiskey, 27 to 28; apple brandy, 31 a 32; beeswax, 25 a 25; bacon, ⅛8 to 8½; bagging, 22 to 24; salt, Liverpool in bulk 45 a 45; Turks Island none; sugar, brown, 8¾ a 9½; Coffee, 14 to 16; molasses, 30 a 32; black pepper, 18 a 18 cts.; corn, 48 a 50; flour 5 75 to 6.

North-Carolina Bank Bills, 2½ to 3 per cent. discount. Georgia do. (except Darien) 1 to 1½ per cent. discount.

NEW-YORK, JAN. 1.

Cotton.—The transactions, for the last three days, comprise about 250 bales New-Orleans at 11¼ a 12½ cents; 300 bales of Upland at 9¾ a 10¾, and 150 bales old crop Alabama at 9⅞ cts., making the total sales of the week 1300 bales.

Money Market.—In New-York, January 1st, North-Carolina bank bills were at 5 to 5½ per cent. discount; Virginia, 1; South-Carolina, 1¼; Georgia, 2—the Darien bank the same; Alabama, 6—Tombigbee, broken; Louisiana, 2 a 2½; Mississippi, 5 a 6; Ohio, 5 a 6; Kentucky, uncertain; Tennessee, do.

Petersburg, Jan. 5.—Cotton, 8½ to 9¾; bacon, 6 to 8; old apple brandy, 29 to 30; peach do. 65 to 65; flour, 6 a 6½; pork, 4; Wheat, 80 a 87½. North-Carolina bank notes, 5 per cent. discount; Georgia do. 2 do.

Cheraw Prices, Jan. 4.—Cotton, 8¾ to 8 62½; coffee, 18 a 20; sugar, 11 a 12½; salt, 85 a 87½; bacon, 9 to 10; flour, 5½; whiskey, 40; apple brandy, 35 to 40; molasses, 45 to 50; beef, 3 to 4; pork, 4 to 5; tallow, 9 to 10; flax-seed, 45; oats, 25; leaf tobacco, 5; butter, 12½ to 15; bagging, 23 to 25; peach brandy, 40 to 45.

Married,

In Iredell county, on the 27th ult. by P. Campbell, Esq. Mr. Jack Ennis Alphonso Gibbs Privitt to Miss Nancy Massey. Also, on the same day, by the same, Mr. James Angel, of Surry county, to Miss Dicey Dowell, of Iredell county. Also, on the 2d ult. by the same, Mr. Hezekiah Massey to Miss Nancy Lathery, both of Iredell. Also, by the same, on the 2d, Mr. Davin Bagwell to Miss Jane Crabb, both of Iredell. Also, by the same, on the 15th Nov. Mr. William Morgan to Miss Jane Mullis, both of Iredell. Also, by the same, on the 5th Nov. Mr. David Rash to Miss Martha Davis, both of Iredell—All friends of Jackson. [*Communicated.*

DIED,

At her residence at Ebenezer Academy, York district, S. C. the 28th of Dec. Mrs. Jane Agnew Harris, consort of the Rev. *Eleazar Harris*. In her 18th year, she sunk under the ravages of Pulmonary Consumption, and has left a bereaved husband to mourn her untimely loss.

Near Jonesville, Surry county, lately, Mr. Thomas Allen, aged 85.

LAMP OIL.

FIRST quality of *Winter Strained Lamp Oil*, also, *Glass Lamps*, for Sale, by
E. WILLEY & Co.

Salisbury, Jan. 14th, 1828.

HILLSBORO' FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 25th inst. under the management of the *Misses Spear*, and the control of the superintendent.

The reputation for health and good society which our town enjoys, united to the facilities for instruction possessed by our Seminary, present no ordinary claims to the attention of the Parents and Guardians in our community.

The prices of board and tuition are moderate; and the Trustees and Teachers pledge themselves to repress, so far as lies in their power, every thing like extravagance in dress, or any unnecessary expenditure of money.

The price of ordinary tuition varies from 10 to $15 per session, payable quarterly in advance.

Instruction in Music,	$25
In Drawing and Painting,	15
In Needle work,	1

Board can be obtained in the most respectable families of the place, at $10 per month, including washing, wood, candles, &c.

WM. M. GREEN, *Superintendent.*

January 5th, 1828. 3t99

Valuable PLANTATION *and* NEGROES.

WILL be sold for cash at the Court-house in Salisbury, on Monday, 18th day of February next, the *Plantation* whereon Samuel Young now lives, lying on Third Creek, adjoining John Young, Wm. B. Wood, and others; containing about 700 acres of as good *Land* as any in Rowan county, about 175 acres cleared, much of which is fresh, all under good fence; and there are on the premises convenient and suitable buildings of all kinds required on a large farm.

Also, will be sold on the same day and place, 13 likely *NEGROES*, consisting of 3 men,—Women and Children. All sold as the property of said Samuel Young, to satisfy sundry executions in my hands for collection.

Price adv. $1.50. F. SLATER, *D. Sheriff.*

January 9th, 1828. 5t01

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA.

ANY person having some odd volumes or numbers of Nicholson's Encyclopedia, for sale, will receive a fair price for them at the Bookbindery in Salisbury.

Jan. 12th, 1828. 3t99

NOTE, OR BOND, LOST.

ON the 17th of last October, I lifted a promissory note, or bond, for $200, given by Killiam Jarratt to Dr. John M'Entire, of Rutherford county, dated in March, 1822. On the 25th or 26th days of the aforesaid month and year, I settled with Dr. M'Entire for the note, which, with interest to the 17th October, 1827, amounted to $267, or thereabouts: Which note is lost or mislaid; any person, therefore, who may have found it, will confer a favor by returning it to me, at Morganton, N. C. And I forewarn all persons from trading for said note.

JOHN M. GREENLEE.

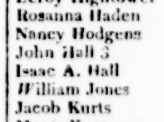
Jan. 2d, 1828. 3t99

State of North-Carolina, Iredell County:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, Fall Term, 1827: Sally Deaton vs. James Deaton: Petition for Divorce. In this case it is ordered by the Court that notice be given for three months in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury; and in the Star, printed in Raleigh; that the defendant James Deaton, appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the County of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, then and there to plead to, or answer the petition of Sally Deaton, or that the same will be taken pro confesso, and will be heard ex parte. Copied from the minutes.

13t9 Test: JAS. CAMPBELL, *Clk.*

YOUNG SIR ARCHY,



BY the celebrated Racer, Sir Archy, of Roanoke, out of an Eagle mare; will stand the next season at the Store of Burton & Clayton, at Beatty's Ford, part of his time; and part at some convenient stand about mid-way between this and Salisbury. He is a Horse of great power and vigor; seven years old the next spring, upwards of 16 hands high. Particulars will be made known before the commencement of the season.

Beatty's Ford, Jan. 7th, 1828. 4t0

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salisbury, North Carolina, on the 1st January, 1828.

John Albright	Samuel Long
Alex Arnhart	Margret Lock
Alex. W. Brandon	Francis Lock
Wm. C. Brandon	John Lindsay
Wm. E. Bird	Jacob Lyon
Wm. Barber	Peter Lewis
James Bell	Mathew B. Lock
Jesse B. Balget	Richard Lock
Robt. Bradshaw	Richard Loury
Wm. Burd	John Luckie
Polly Brown	John W. Moyer
John C. Ballew	Thos. A. Mera
Isaac Barrett	James Mull
Charles Biles	Armsted Monfeald
Mary Cooper	M. Mathus
Sarah Cowan	Peter Moury
John Crotzer	James McCracken
Thomas Coles	Josiah Morrison
Willis Carter	Allen Neeshian
John Canup	Thomas Noah
Jacob Caughanour	William Oaks
Mary Campbell	Jesse Parks
Samuel Culbertson	James H. Pickens
Dr. Jesse Carter	Alexander Pinkston
David Cox	Henry Powlus
Mr. Chambers	Laurence Porter
Asa Delozier	Jacob or Peter Ribler
Thomas Dickens	Jacob Roe
James Daniel	Isaac N. Reck
Willis Ellis	George Rufty
James Ellis	George Reeks
Jeremiah Foreman	William Robinson
Mathias Frick	Thomas S. Reece
Hy. H. Field	John T. Reed
Moses Fight	Moreas Ruse
Samuel Gardner	James Ruse
William Gillison	John Thorthouse 2
William Gray	John Setzer
Williamson Harris	Joannah Smith
Mary Hill	Edward Smart
Henry Hill	Samuel Sloan
James Hardie	Archibald Stokes
William D. Haden	Elizabeth Travis
Jos. B. Herbet	Edward Taylor
Andrew Holsouser	John N. Trucket
John Hyde	John Turner
Mrs. Howel	Hiram Turner
James Hogan	Adam Trexler
Leroy Hightower	Abram Wright
Rosanna Haden	Philip Walling
Nancy Hodgens	Dennis M. Winston
John Hall 3	Sarah Womack
Isaac A. Hall	Henry Weaver
William Jones	A B. Waugh
Jacob Kurts	Asaph Waterman
Moses Kern	Freeman Walker.

3t99 SAMUEL REEVES, *P. M.*

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post-Office at Concord, North-Carolina, on the 1st January, 1828.

Ann H. Alexander	Francis Newal
Margaret Alexander	John Newal
Catharine Barringer	Nancy Newal
William B. Bigars	David J. Newal
Jacob Cenay	William Nichols
Joseph Crofford	David J. Newal
Leonard Cagle	Robert Pickens
Robert Crofford	Daniel Pegram
Henry Doland	William Petry
John Furr	W. Phillips
Tobias Furr	David Reese
John Gannon	Thomas C. Robinson
John Gillian	Francis Ross,
Stanhope Harris	Daniel Reep
Leonard Haghe	Robert W. Smith
Leonard Hartsel	Hugh Smith
Levi Hope	John Strobe
Moses McKinley	John B. White
Oliver McCurdy	John Welch
John Mitchler 3t99	D. STORKE, *P. M.*

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post-Office at Statesville, North-Carolina, on the 1st January, 1828.

Wm. Averett	Daniel McLain
Langston Averett	Wm. Morow
James P. Alley	Andrew Murdock
Elizabeth Archibald	Nicholas Norton
Henry Baggerly	James Nance
John Campbell	Westley Reynolds
Wm. Cummins	John Reynolds
Nicholas Cloer	Hugh Randles
John Cavin	Mathew Roberts
Ths. or Geo. Duckworth	Miss Cassandra Reid
George F. Davidson	James Smith, or
Gen. Ephraim Davidson	Thos. Smith
Cyrus Fleming	Joshua M. Smith
John A. Fleming	Jeremiah G. Sloan
Mathew Gallaher	Wm. Shaw
Arnold Holland	Prudence Stewart
Abraham Hall	Rose Simonton
Thomas Johnson	Miss Mary Simpson
Enoch Irwin, 3	John Weber
L. B. Lindsey	James Williams
Joel Lunceford	Thomas Watts
James Mitchell	A. J. Worke, 2
Solomon Mitchell	Robert West
Wm. Milson 3t99	JAMES M'KNIGHT, *P. M.*

CASH WANTED!

THE subscriber has declined *crediting* his Goods, and requests those indebted to him, to make payment against the first of February next, as longer indulgence need not be expected. I will sell

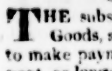
GOODS

at reduced prices hereafter, for CASH ALONE.

GEO. M'CONNAUGHEY.

Salisbury, Nov. 29, 1827. 91

MANSION HOUSE.



THE public are respectfully informed that the *Mansion House*, will be ready for the reception of travellers and others, on the 1st of January next.

To persons travelling with, or without families, who may wish to avoid the noise and bustle incident to a Hotel having attached to it a public Bar, the Mansion House offers quiet repose.

The Stables, attached to the premises, will be kept constantly supplied with provender of every kind, and a careful and attentive Ostler will be at all times in readiness to perform the duties of his station.

Town boarders would be accommodated, and every attention in the power of the conductor to render them comfortable shall be invariably given. JOHN MAC COLL.

Camden, S. C. Dec. 22*d*, 1827. 4t98

ESTATE OF JOHN DONALDSON.

THE subscriber having qualified as administrator on the estate of John Donaldson, dec'd. late of Rowan county, N. C. with the Will annexed, desires all persons indebted to said estate to make payment with as little delay as possible; and all persons having claims against the estate, are desired to present them, legally authenticated, within the time limited by Act of Assembly, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

RUFUS REID, *Administrator.*

December 14*th*, 1827. 93

BOOK BINDING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salisbury, and the surrounding country, that he has established a *Book Bindery* in said town, on Main Street, a few doors south of the Court-House; where he will be thankful to receive any kind of work in his line of business. From a number of years experience, in Europe and America, he feels confident of being able to give entire satisfaction to all those who may favor him with any description of *Binding*.

Blank Books made to order, after any pattern furnished, on short notice, and at prices which no one can complain of.

Old Books Rebound, either plain or ornamental, on the most moderte terms. All orders from a distance, faithfully attended to. The patronage of the public is repectfully solicited, by their obedient servant,

JOHN H. DE CARTERET.

Salisbury, April 28*th*. 1827. 61

State of North-Carolina, Burke county:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, September term, 1827. Lidia Beach vs. Elijah Beach; *divorce.* On motion, it was ordered, that advertisement be made for three months in the Raleigh Register and Western Carolinian, that Elijah Beach appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for Burke county, at the court-house in Morganton, on the 4th Monday of March next, then and there plead, answer or demur, or the petition will be heard exparte.

Test: WM. W. ERWIN, *Clk.*

Price adv. $3. 3mt99

State of North-Carolina, Iredell county:

ROBERT B. CARSON vs. David Carson, Andrew Carson, William Carson, Eleazor Carson, Mary Carson, Joel Wetherly and his wife Margaret, James Scott and his wife Martha, and Samuel Carson: Petition for the sale of the real estate of Samuel Carson, deceased. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants in this case reside without the limits of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, giving notice to said defendants to appear at next term of said court to be held for the county of Iredell, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, at the court-house in Statesville, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte as to them. Witness John Mushat, clerk and master of our said court, at office, this 20th Dec. A. D. 1827 JOHN MUSHAT, *c. m. e.*

State of North-Carolina:

ROWAN County Court, November sessions, 1827: Daniel Casey vs. Willet Casey; original attachment, levied in the hands of David Casey, and summoned him as garnishee. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, on motion of the plaintiff by counsel, ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that unless the defendant appear at the next county court to be held for the county of Rowan, at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday of February next, and replevy or plead to said suit, judgment will be entered for the plaintiff's demand, and a decree of condemnation of the attached effects.

6t97 JOHN GILES, *Clk.*

State of North-Carolina, Ashe county:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, September term, 1827. Majory Baldwin vs. Elisha Baldwin; Petition for divorce. Whereas, it appears to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is an inhabitant of another state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made for three months in the Raleigh Register and Western Carolinian, that the defendant appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Ashe, at the court-house in Jefferson, on the third Monday of March next, and then and there plead, answer or demur, otherwise the petition will be heard exparte, and the same set for trial. Witness, David Earnest, Clerk, at office, this 7th day of November, A. D. 1827. D. EARNEST, *Clk.*

Price advt. $4. 3mt03

State of North-Carolina, Wilkes county:

OCTOBER Sessions, 1827: Braxton Cox and wife, vs. James Wellborn, adm'r. of Wm. Allison, dec'd. petition for settlement. It appearing to the court that Hugh Allison, Benjamin Allison, Ephraim Allison, William Allison, Daniel Allison, Lucy Allison, Peggy Allison, Polly Allison, and Betsey Allison, live beyond the limits of this state, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, that Hugh Allison, Benj. Allison, Ephraim Allison, William Allison, Daniel Allison, Lucy Allison, Peggy Allison, Polly Allison, and Betsey Allison, appear at our next county court to be held for the county of Wilkes, in the town of Wilkesboro', on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in January next, and cause themselves to be made parties to the above suit, &c.

Test: ROBERT MARTIN, *c. w. c. c.*

Price advt. $2 50 t98

UNIVERSITY of NORTH-CAROLINA.

ORDINANCES adopted by the Board of Trustees at their annual meeting in this city on the 19th inst.

Be it Ordained, &c. &c. That the dress of the Students shall hereafter be uniform, and shall consist in *summer* of a coatee in color of a grey mixture, and of waistcoat and trowsers of white; and in *winter*, of coatee, waistcoat and trowsers, of a dark grey mixture.

The use of boots is prohibited, and it is recommended to the Students to consult plainness, economy and neatness in every part of their apparel.

Nothing in this ordinance shall extend to the dress of the Senior Class at the commencements. Nor shall it extend or apply to any Students who shall have already provided or may hereafter and before the beginning of the next session provide himself with apparrel according to an ordinance adopted at Chapel Hill in June last, for which the above recited ordinance is a substitute.

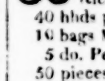
Published by order of the President of the Board. 3t97

Raleigh, 20*th Dec.* 1827.

MANSION HOTEL,

SALISBURY, NORTH CAROLINA,

BY EZRA ALLEMONG.



THIS elegant establishment, situated at the north corner of the Court-House, has been recently repaired and fitted up in a new and superior style, for the reception of Company. The greatest pains have been taken to procure for this establishment new furniture of every description, necessary for the comfort of Travellers; the most approved servants have been selected with great care; the bar stocked with choice liquors, and the stables attended by obliging and attentive hostlers. The convenience of this situation is equal to any in the place. The house contains a number of private rooms, and out-houses, well calculated for the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders. Attached to which, there is a Dry Goods and Book Store.

To those who may please to call on him, he assures them that no pains will be spared to render their stay comfortable and pleasing.

EZRA ALLEMONG.

Salisbury, N. C. Sept. 17. 1827. 82

CARD.

E. WILLEY & CO.

(At the Sign of the Mortar and Pestle.)

HAVE just received from New York, a large supply of

Drugs,
Medicines, and
Paints;

which, together with their former stock, make their present assortment replete with the most valuable *Medicines* sold in our country. As they are determined to make this establishment worthy of public patronage, they now offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, the above *Medicines, &c.* on the most reasonable terms.

Physicians in this section of the country, as well as those to the westward, who, heretofore, have been in the habit of supplying themselves with Medicines from the north, and elsewhere, will find it for their *interest* to encourage the efforts of the present proprietors, in making this a useful and permanent stand.

N. B. *Orders* carefully and punctually put up, agreeably to directions; and on the shortest notice. *Salisbury, Nov.* 20*th*, 1827 89

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have in part received their FALL SUPPLY of

GROCERIES:

THE whole of which is expected to arrive during the ensuing week, which they offer to their friends and the public in general, *low for CASH.* Their stock will consist in part of the following

ARTICLES, *Viz:*

80 Hhds. New-Orleans, St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugars, 25 bbls loaf and lump do.
40 hhds prime Laguyra Coffee,
10 bags Mountain St. Domingo do.
5 do. Pepper,
50 pieces cotton Bagging, 42 inches,
25 coils bale Rope,
1 box choice Cavendish Tobacco,
75 bbls apple Brandy----25 do. Rye Whiskey,
10 do. N. E. Rum----10 do. American Gin,
5 hhds Jamaica Spirits,
3 do. Antigua Rum----1 do. Shrub,
6 pipes old Cog'c. Brandy, (*favorite brands,*)
3 do. old Schedam Gin,
5 quar casks Teneriffe,
5 do. do. Sherry,
2 pipe old Madeira,
8 half pipes sweet Malaga, } *WINES.*
10 do. quar. casks do.
2 quar. casks old Port,
8 boxes Imperial,
6 do. G. Powder,
4 do. Y. Hyson, } *TEAS,* LATEST IMPORTATION.
1 hhd. Copperas,
1 ceroon Bengal Indigo, in packages of from 3¼ to 4 lbs each,
30 kegs Orange Powder,
1 box Mustard (for family use)
5 boxes sperm Candles,
5 casks choice Goshen Cheese,
1 cask Epsom Salts, (warranted genuine)
10 kegs ground Ginger,
1 bbl. Philadelphia Starch,
50 bags Shot, assorted Numbers,
101 in whole, half and quarter boxes fresh Malaga Raisins, warranted frese, and well worthy the attention of families,
18 tons assorted Swedes Iron,
1000 bushels Liverpool Salt,

With many other articles in their line.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in payment.

ALSO,

10 cases of WOOL HATS,
9 do. fine fur do.
4 do. wool and cotton Cards,
13 pieces twilled negro Cloth,
10 reams writing Paper,

Knives and forks, butchers knives, shoe knives, single and double bladed pen and pocket knives, pad locks, stock locks, gun locks, trunk locks, butt hinges, wood screws, horse Fleams, nail and spike gimlets, table spoons, lead faucetts, sheep shears, keyhole, tenant and hand saws, claw hammers, club and cooper's axes, shingling hatchets, post and yankee coffee mills, shovels and tongs, steel-yards, poll chains, screw augers, gouges and chissels, chest hinges, shoe pincers and rasps, curry combs, saw mill files, cow hide whips, plated spurs, razors, shaving boxes, spectacles and cases, black-lead and slate pencils, English slates, boxes soap, German, English and cast Steel, castings, trace chains, blacksmith's hammers, &c. &c &c.

Well worthy the attention of Country Merchants as they will be sold low for cash to close a consignment. HORTONS & HUTTON.

Fayetteville, October 26, 1827. 9wtf

POETRY.

I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER.

BY THOMAS HOOD.

I remember, I remember
The house where I was born,
The little window where the sun
Came peeping in at morn;
He never came a wink too soon,
Nor brought too long a day;
But now I often wish that night
Had borne my breath dway!

I remember, I remember
The rose red and white,
The vi'lets, and the lily-cups,
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacks where the robin built,
And when my brother set
The liburnum on his birth-day,—
The tree is living yet!

I remember, I remember
Where I was used to swing,
And thought the air must rush as fresh
To swallows on the wing;
My spirit flev in feathers then,
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
The fever on my brow!

I remember, I remember
The fir trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky;
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heav'n
Than when I was a boy.

ON FLATTERY.

Flattery's a perfect mistress of her art,
With picklock-keys to open every heart:
What mortal can withstand the fire of flattery?
No one!'tis such a most successful battery,
No head, however *thick*, resists its shot;
Yet each pretends to *mock* it! what a sot!
Dunce flatters dunce, and thus in Fame they rise
On Fancy's wing, self-mounted, to the skies.

MISCELLANEOUS

FROM THE MACON (GEO.) TELEGRAPH.

December.---Now the Earth, sailing off in the ecliptic, turns up endways towards the Sun, and opens her "polar orifice to his inquisitive eyes. Now the great luminary, lowering his rays, takes a peep into the bowels of the concave spheres." Now out rushes old Boreas, bristling like a wild boar, and fierce as a whipsaw. Now the guilty stars wink slily at each other, and hide their faces as the chaste moon stalks by them. Now the moon's cranium presents awful bumps to the phrenologist's scientific fingers. Now Winter, crowned with snow, extends his dominions, and rules with a rod of ---ice. Now Frost, like a poor relation, makes his annual visit, destroying all before him. Now Hail, Sleet and Snow, like duns, meet us at our thresh-hold, and hang on to our coat-sleeves. Now cold, like a guilty conscience, causes quaking and gnashing of teeth. Now the night wind whistles through the unsealed cabin, and the greedy hearth devours huge wood-piles. Now featherbeds are comfortable---and old bachelors and antiquated spinsters throw side-glances towards each other. Now the hydrocelic clouds labour under profluvia, and cold rains accost the moody traveller ---also, cleanly housewives deprecate muddy floors. Now hot punch and flip are decocted, and men get drunk by *steam*. Now weddings are promoted---and domestic manufactures begin to be encouraged---likewise the doctrine of Malthus is getting out of vogue. Now the *wisdom* of the nation does some mighty foolish things ---and Uncle Sam's treasury gets the consumption. Now bad crops are heavily complained of---and bad debts contracted, notwithstanding. Now creditors draw out their accounts---and debtors draw out their pocketbooks---with nothing in them. And now---*the Printer wants money!*

FROM THE PITTSBURG GAZETTE.

We do not recollect ever having seen the annexed analysis of the name of Napoleon in print. Together with the original derivation of the name, which is computed of two Greek words, "Lion of the Desart," it forms a most striking coincidence with the character of that man who has rendered it so conspicuous in history.

1	NAPOLEON
6	APOLEON
7	POLEON
3	OLEON
4	LEON
5	EON
2	ON

By dropping the first letter from the first syllable of the name in full, and from each part of it in succession, six Greek words are found, which, translated in the order of the numerals, signify,

Napoleon being a raging Lion, going about destroying cities.

The revenue of Rhode Island for the last six months amouted to $18,083 98 cents, its expenditures during that period were only $8,585 12 cents.

BRIGHTON NEW CHURCH.

The following (says a London paper) are the names of the trees planted in St. Peter's Church Yard, with their symbolical descriptions:

Cedar of Lebanon.—It being the tree selected by Solomon for building the temple of Jerusalem.

Weeping Willow.—A native of Babylon, and the tree on which the unhappy Israelites hung their harps when they bemoaned the loss of Jerusalem.

Sycamore.—The tree on which Zaccheus climbed to see Christ on his way to Jerusalem.

Thorn.—To remind us of the crown of thorns.

Aspen.—It being the tree of which the Cross is said to have been formed.

Lime.—The principal papyraceous tree of the ancients, and on the bark of which the Scriptures were probably first written.

Ash.—Esteemed a sacred tree in ancient times, and the one to which the Serpent is said to have a strong antipathy.

Plane.—The favorite tree of the Greeks, and under whose shade the Athenian philosophers retired to study.

Birch.—The tree from which the Lictors made their fasces.

Elm.—The funeral tree of the Romans, and the coffin timber of Bristor.

Cypress.—The funeral tree of all Eastern nations.

Yew.—"The sacred Yew, so fear'd in war;" and a tree consecrated and dedicated to the grave.

Arbor Vitæ.—Although the tree of life, it shows that immortality is not the lot of any thing terrestrial.

Holley.—As being used in the decoration of churches at sacred festivals.

Box.—The plant formerly used in the feast of the Purification of the Blessed Virgin.

Poplar.—A plant held sacred by the Romans, and the tree used to mark the boundaries of their lands.

Maple—The tree of which the bowl of hospitality was formed in the days of yore.

Pine.—"And the tall pine for future natives."

——Da utile lignum
Navigus Pinus.

"The useful pine for ships."

"To thee I consecrate the pine." In pagan days it was consecrated to Diana.

Bay.—The Laurus Nobilis of the ancient warriors: the crown of our poet Laureates: a supposed protection from lightning, and a purifier of pestilential air.

Laurel.—As an honorable badge for those who bravely defended their country and their laws.

Oak.—Once the refuge of a British Monarch, and ever the bulwark of our State.

FROM THE BOSTON EVENING BULLETIN.

CURIOSITY.

The human mind is a most curious sort of machine; and its curiosity is not the least curious ingredient in its composition. This is one of those universal properties that influence people of all classes, and help to establish and demonstrate the doctrine of man's perpetual as well as original equality. All men are not only born equal, but *remain so*, in more respects than certain aristocratic physiologists are disposed to allow. The boot-black who takes his sixpence for polishing a dandys' understanding, squints askaunt at the visage of his customer, whereby to ascertain the affinity between his own wages and "the gentleman's" gratification—this is the curiosity of interest. The statesman, who flourishes feathers of rhetoric in public halls and very much obliges the printer by condescending to furnish copies of speeches for the press, listens with eagerness, as the indifferent multitude utters sentence laudatory or condemnatory,—this is the curiosity of pride. There are divers other species of this queer quality, appertaining to the intermediate grades of society, which we have neither leisure nor inclination to particularize.

But, if we ever before entertained doubts of the fact, that the spirit of curiosity operates powerfully, though diversely, upon all the men and all the women that inhabit the upper crust of this eviscerated globe, we were last evening perfectly confirmed in our present conclusion. A fellow in a brown thread bare surtout, cowhide brogues, and trowsers home made of two blue yarns here opposed to two black ones there—with a visage struggling between wonderment and dirt, surmounted by a chapeau that had been felt and flapped for many a season, strolled into the office, and very deliberately engrossed our only supernumerary chair—a very genteel companion forsooth, and a worthy!

There he sat with all the orifices and emunctories that emptied themselves, or claimed outlets upon the surface of his noddle, open, wide open, gaping staring, harkening, and making wry efforts to think. For the space of an hour, he spake not. There he sat, and stared—like the everlasting Rat in the mansion of Lord Fitzgallyhog-magaul. Now and then the busy type setters would exchange shrewd grimaces and winks clandestine. Still the visiter set and stared. We thought of Blackwood and all his nightmare themes. The man was perfectly sober, and perfectly at home—he appeared to *voluptuate* in his own amazement. His countenance bespoke a variety of clumsy ruptures and terrific enjoyments, oddly mixed together; but his tongue lay motionless upon his nether grinders, while he sat, and stared, and seemed to ruminate. The pause was awful—'twas past all endurance, the fidgets were fast taking hold of fingers that rattled among the types, and a sudden fit of cramp crooked our very quill. At length the stranger moved—and sneezed—and coughed:—symptoms indicative of speech. He raised his right arm, then the remainder of his body, and stood, and stared again. He spoke, and never did human accent touch the ear of suspense more mellifluously.

"I say, mister, d'ye make *books* here?"
No, my friend, we make newspapers.
"Cause I want to buy a primer."

A new mode of administering *medicine* is now rapidly gaining ground in Germany. Instead of the large doses prescribed in this country, very minute quantities are given, and as it seems, frequently with good effect. So small a quantity of blue pill as the 50th part of a grain is some times administered; and of sulphate of quinine—a medicine of which the ordinary dose here is three or four grains—1-20th part of the grain is ordered. It is difficult to conceive how so little medicine produces a sensible effect; but if it is really found to answer, the practice must be very beneficial in debilitated persons, who are in this country frequently sent speedily to the grave by medicine.

CLEOPATRA'S NEEDLE.

The prostrate monument which goes by this name, and which was a few years since given by the Pacha of Egypt to the King of England, still unremoved by his majesty. Its length is about seventy feet, and its weight is computed to be about 400 tons. Capt. Allan has lately suggested a plan for removing it to England; and after bringing the needle to the beach, by means of a railway, to build the ship round the pillar, and then to launch the whole together. In this way it is thought practicable to reach London, where means would be found for erecting it in one of the public squares.

In a late case in the Quarter Sessions in this city, one of the witnesses, a woman that lays out the dead, testified that a thief who had turned states evidence in the case, on one occasion stole a dead body out of the house while she was making the winding sheet.

A rogue calling himself a watch maker, recently appeared in Horry District, S. Carolina, while the court was in session, and having obtained possession of 15 watches, decamped. His age was not more than 22.

A wild deer was taken at sea, about two miles from Newburyport, Mass. a few days since, by two men in a skiff. It had probably escaped to the water as a refuge from hungry hounds.

Every family in the county of Ontario, New-York, is now supplied with a Bible. 401 which had no part of it, and 110 which had only the New Testament, having been furnished within the last two years.

There are no fewer than forty-one kinds of *pepper*. A Batavian naturalist of the name of Blumb has written a description of them accompanied with plates.

Button Factory.—The establishment for the manufacture of this little article, at Attleborough, is in very successful progress. The expenses of it are stated to amount to nearly $80,000 a year, and the amount of Buttons manufactured to be over $100,000.